AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

<u>Listing of Claims</u>:

Claims 1-12 (cancelled).

Claim 13 (currently amended): A method of visualizing information about the security of a network, the method comprising:

providing a 3-D visualization tool for simulating 3-D space on a two dimensional display device, said tool for accessing a database which relationally associates security events with network elements,

wherein said database includes:

information relating to a first property of each network element; and information relating to a second property of each network element;

wherein each said security event is associated with at least one of a plurality of categories of security events;

wherein said network elements are represented by geometric objects;

visually depicting at least some of said categories of security events in a first section

of said simulated 3-D space;

The method according to claim 13, wherein: said first section of simulated 3-D space displays a first graph having a security event category axis and a temporal axis, each said displayed security event being visually indicated at a position on said graph corresponding to the category and time of the security event;

visually depicting at least some of said network elements in a second section of said simulated 3-D space;

wherein said second section of simulated 3-D space displays a second graph having an axis pertaining to said first property and an axis pertaining to said second property, said graphical objects representing said network elements being displayed on the graph at axes positions corresponding to the first and second properties thereof; and

displaying association lines in said 3-D simulated space between one or more displayed categories of security events and one or more displayed network elements;

wherein said association lines being drawn between said first graph and said second graph.

Claim 14 (original): The method according to claim 13, wherein said association lines are drawn between positions of said first graph and said graphical objects representing said network elements.

Claim 15 (original): The method according to claim 14, wherein:

the first property is organizational role information for correlating each network element with a role in, or department of, the organization; and

the second property is location information for indicating the physical location of each network element.

Claim 16 (original): The method according to claim 13, including drawing a trusted relationship line between a graphical object representing a first network element and a

graphical object representing a second network element if the first network element can access data associated with the second network element.

Claim 17 (original): The method according to claim 13, including differentiating amongst various types of network elements by varying the visual attributes or screen positions of said graphical objects representing said network elements.

Claim 18 (original): The method according to claim 13, including displaying the frequency of security events at various positions in said first graph.

Claim 19 (original): The method according to claim 13, including:

storing in said database information about identities of attackers causing said security events;

visually depicting said attackers as geometrical objects in a third section of said simulated 3-D space; and

drawing association lines between said attackers and said security events.

Claim 20 (original): The method according to claim 13, wherein said categories of security events are selected from the following group of event types: packet insertion, packet interception, application access, system file access, network access, denial of service, access permission, sniffing, security setup, impersonation, encryption, firewall.

Claim 21 (cancelled).

Claim 22 (currently amended): A method of visualizing information about the security of a network, the method comprising:

recording security events and the network elements affected thereby;

associating each security event with at least one of a plurality of categories of security events;

providing a 3-D visualization tool for simulating 3-D space on a two dimensional display device, and using said tool:

visually depicting at least some of the categories of security events in a first section of simulated 3-D space;

visually depicting at least some of the network elements in a second section of simulated 3-D space;

drawing association lines between one or more displayed categories of security events and one or more displayed network elements affected thereby.

The method according to claim 21, comprising:

recording a time at which each security event occurred;
associating each network element with at least two properties;

displaying in the first section of simulated 3-D space a first grid of cells, each cell being associated with a security event category and a temporal value, the security events being visually indicated by the cells of the first grid; and

displaying in the second section of simulated 3-D space a second grid of cells, each cell being associated with an instance of the first property and an instance of the second property, wherein each displayed network element is represented by a geometric object disposed at a cell of the second grid that corresponds to the first and second properties of the network system;

said association lines being drawn between cells of the first grid and cells of the second grid.

Claim 23 (original): The method according to claim 22, wherein the first property is an organizational role of the network element, and the second property is a physical location of the network element.

Claim 24 (original): The method according to claim 22, including drawing a trusted relationship line between a graphical object representing a first network element and a graphical object representing a second network element if the first element can access data associated with the second element.

Claim 25 (original): The method according to claim 22, including differentiating amongst various types of network elements by varying the visual attributes or screen positions of the respective geometric objects.

Claim 26 (original): The method according to claim 22, including displaying the frequency of security event at the cells of the first grid.

Claim 27 (original): The method according to claim 22, including:

recording identities of attackers causing the security events;

visually depicting the attackers as geometrical objects in a third section of the simulated 3-D space; and

drawing association lines between the attackers and the security events.

Claim 28 (original): A method of visualizing information about the security of a network, the method comprising:

recording security events and the network elements affected thereby; recording a time at which each security event occurred;

associating each security event with at least one of a plurality of categories of security events;

associating each network element with one or more additional properties; providing a 3-D visualization tool for simulating 3-D space on a two dimensional display device, and using said tool:

displaying a first grid of cells in the simulated 3-D space, each cell being associated with a security event category and a temporal value, the security events being visually indicated by the cells of the first grid;

displaying a second grid of cells in the simulated 3-D space, each cell being associated with at least one of said properties, wherein each displayed network element is represented by a geometric object disposed at a cell of the second grid that corresponds to the value of said at least one property; and

drawing association lines between one or more displayed security events and one or more displayed network elements affected thereby.

Claim 29 (original): The method according to claim 28, including:

recording identities of attackers causing the security events;

visually depicting the attackers as geometrical objects in the simulated 3-D space;

and

drawing association lines between the attackers and the security events.

Claim 30 (cancelled).

Claim 31 (original): Software for visualizing information stored in a database about the security of a network, wherein said database records:

security events and the network elements associated therewith, each security event being associated with at least one of a plurality of categories of security events, each network element being associated with at least one property; and

a time at which each security event occurred;

the software having code for:

simulating 3-D space on a two dimensional display device;

displaying a first grid of cells in the simulated 3-D space, each cell being associated with a security event category and a temporal value, the security events being visually indicated by the cells of the first grid;

displaying a second grid of cells in the simulated 3-D space, each cell being associated with an instance of a said at least one property, wherein a geometric object representing a displayed network element is disposed at a corresponding cell of the second grid; and

drawing association lines between one or more displayed security events and one or more displayed network elements associated therewith.